



# Use of Clinically Driven Information Model in SOA

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# Agenda

- Introduction Singapore Healthcare Landscape
- Enterprise Architecture Ensure the alignment of IT and Clinical Needs
- National Data Standards Standardize the meaning of the data
- SOA Design Maximize the reuse of IT assets

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# SINGAPORE HEALTHCARE LANDSCAPE





















## **Singapore Vision**

"What does it mean when we say our population will be older? It means there will be more demand on healthcare because older people are sick more often.

# But this also means it is a different pattern of healthcare

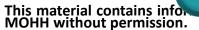
So we have to respond to this by putting in more resources into our hospital system, building new hospitals.

... get the whole system to be structured properly so that it will be adapted to cater o the ageing population. To structure it properly means we need step-down care."



And one key thing we must do with this **step-down care is to link 'up our acute hospitals [...] with community hospitals**, so that you can have the best of both worlds.

Prime Minister Lee Hsien Loong National Day Rally 2009









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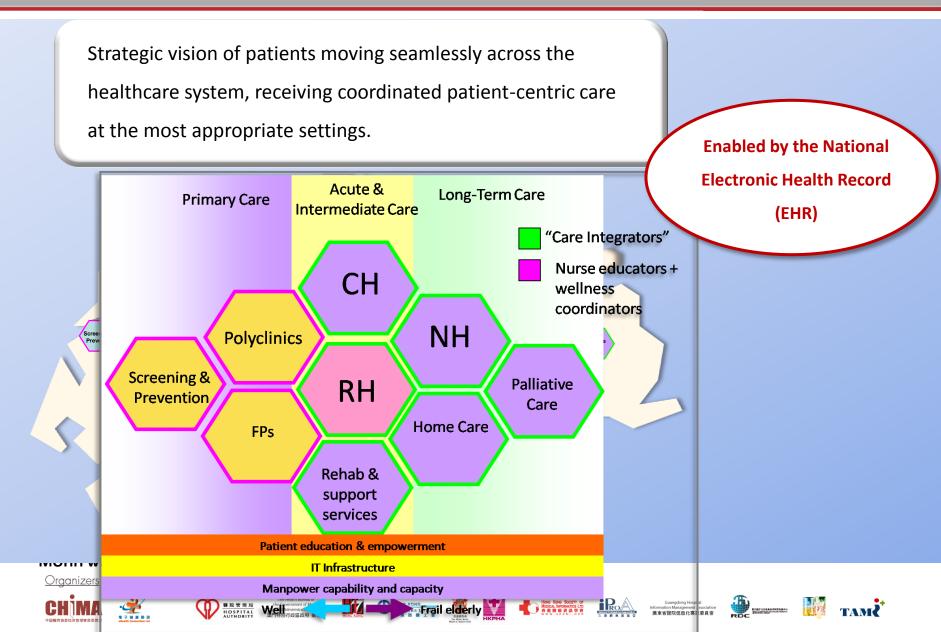






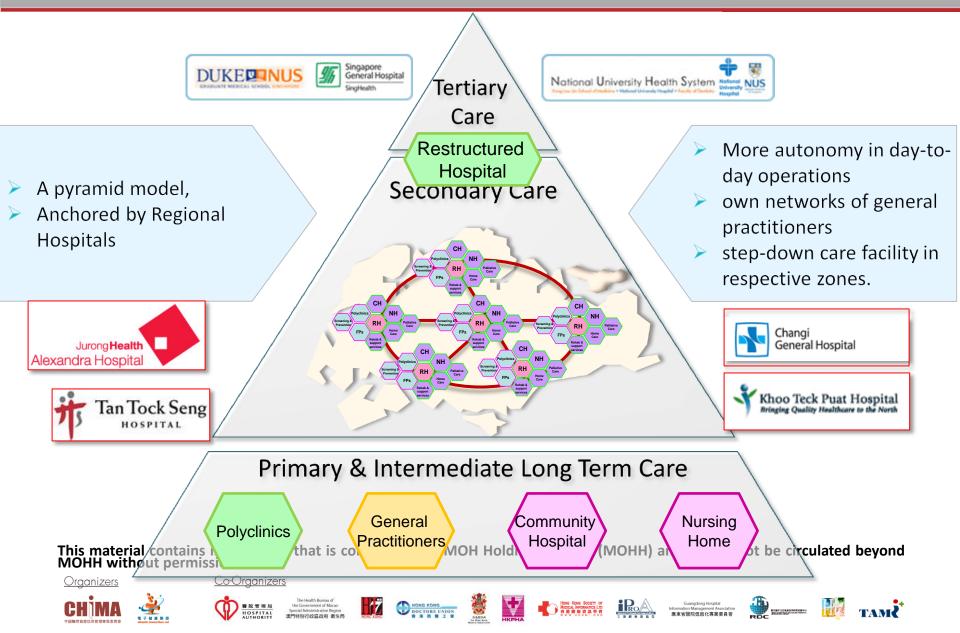


## **Organization Landscape**





## Singapore Healthcare Setting





# **ENTERPRISE ARCHITECTURE**

Methodology and Process to Develop NEHR Architecture

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- Different cluster uses different systems
- Mostly in HL7v2.3.1 existing with localized Z segments
- Inconsistent data structure/format (e.g event Id)
- Incomplete information (e.g some of the information is filtered/not sent to NEHR)
- Lack of end-to-end code set management process



















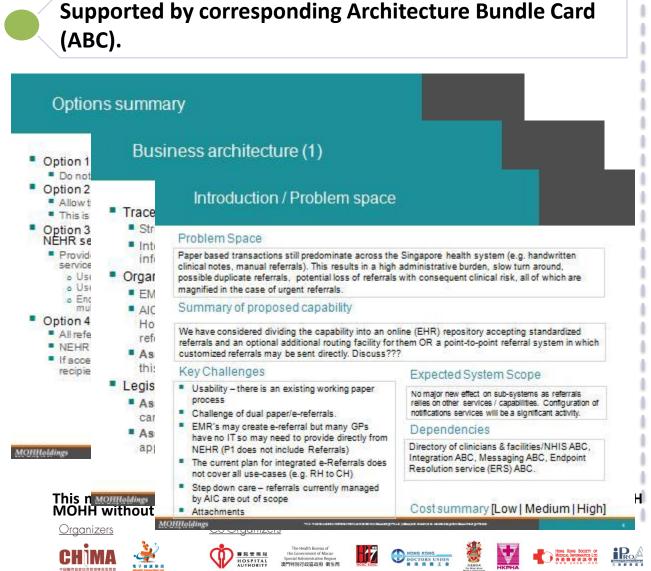
### EA Approach

Requirement		Supported by the "Candidate List"
Architectu	ure Analysis	Supported by corresponding Architecture Bundle Card (ABC ) which is structured to guide the:
Analysis "Vs. current NEHR"	Analysis "Vs. Target architecture"	Analysis of Requirement vs. Existing System Analysis of Requirement vs. Goal State
Integration analysis & options	New business services, applications and	Identification New/Existing Business Services & Capabilities, Business Data
Enterprise	Architecture	Integration Analysis and Options Enterprise Architecture defines the <b>Goal State</b> Business Architecture, Application Architecture, Information Architecture and
	n Design	Technology Architecture Solution Design Detail design on solution, SOA solution, information model, etc
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- Elaborated candidate list from MOHH
  - Capability centric EA
- Each requirement will be elaborated via an industry standard "ABC" process
- Utilizing a **meta-model** to encourage a disciplined approach ands to ensure a clear communication and traceability for each architecture segment.
  - Aligned with Alfabet meta-model
  - Extended meta-model to cover additional (important) items

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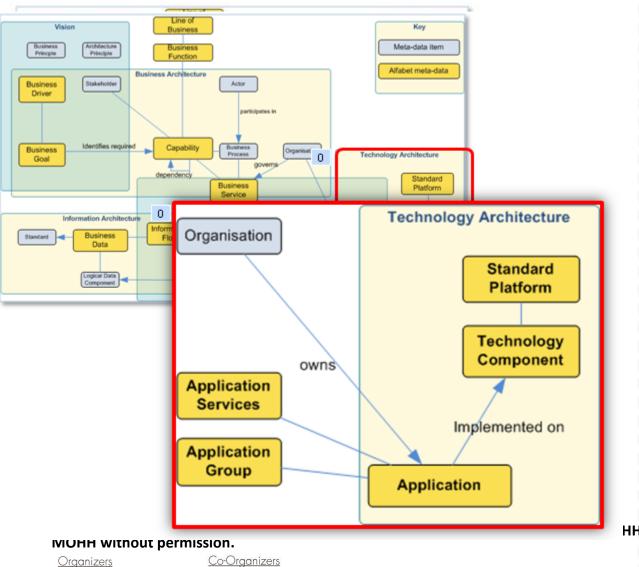


Each ABC include the following:

- A Introduction/ problem space page
- A "Current state" summary of both NEHR and wider landscape.
- A Business architecture section : e.g: Business driver, Organization scope & Challenges, legislative and Legal challenges.
- An Information Architecture section : e.g.: existing/New Business Data, Information Exchange Matrix, Data provenance/audit/data quality.
- An Application Architecture section : e.g.: Context diagram, Security consideration, performance & scalability, SOA/integration.
- A Technology Architecture section: e.g.: Technology Strategy, Platform/technology constraints, operation management consideration.
- And an Options Analysis & Recommendations section



## EA Meta Model



#### **Example:**

- Singapore's
  - **Rising Healthcare Costs** are a **Business Driver**
- which is tackled by the improved ٠
  - Sharing of clinical information whose Goal
- is supported by the example of improved sharing in the
  - Imaging <u>Capability</u>
- This capability contains the
  - resolveRecordLocation -**Application service**
- Found in the .
  - NHIS Application
- That can be implemented on
  - Linux Technology Component

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# NATIONAL DATA STANDARDS

Vocabulary for the meaning of the information





















## National Data Standards

Establishing a suite of Standards that are:



#### to ensure clinical data included in the EHR can be:

#### **Global Standards Engagements**

- HL7 (Health Level Seven)
- IHTSDO (International Health

Terminology Standards Development Organization)

ISO TC215 on Health Informatics

- ✓ Shared and exchanged safely and reliably
- Relied on for the monitoring and care of patients
- ✓ Used meaningfully for secondary purposes
  - including the production of clinical knowledge

Standards also provide a platform for long term semantic interoperability and research informatics













## The Problems To Solve

#### Vocabulary

• Knowledge of words

#### Grammar

- Understanding of the structural rules that govern the composition of sentences, phrases, and words in any given natural language
- Semantics

#### Syntax

- Understanding of principles and rules of the language
- Sentence construction, etc

#### Transmission Errors

- e.g. typos, missing words, letters, etc
- Miscommunication

#### Translation

• Able to understand different language, grammar and Vocabulary

#### Knowledge

• Understand and analyse words from different languages

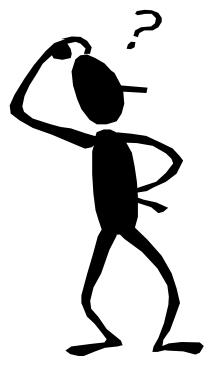














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#### SNOMED CT, LOINC, SDD (Singapore Drug Dictionary)

- •Use of International Standards
- •Terminology Code sets

#### **MOHH Data Dictionary**

- Vocabulary Code Sets
- Includes SGDRM

#### MCS (Mapping Code Sets)

- Mapping Code Sets
- Migration Path

#### NDDS (National Data Definition Specifications)

- Structured data
- •Syntax, Grammar and Vocabulary

#### NXDS (Standard Exchange Formats)

- •HL7 (Health Level Seven), XML,
- Syntax and transmission error

#### LIM (Logical Information Model)

- Vocabulary
- Grammar
- •Syntax,
- Transmission
- Translation
- Knowledge



















# **SOA DESIGN**

#### Maximize the reuse of IT assets

A SOA model to sustain and pave the way for Singapore NEHR going forward











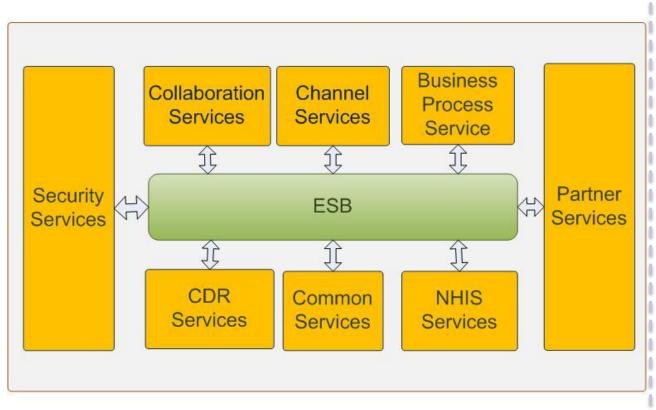








### SOA Reference Architecture



Channel Services: Presentation Services

Collaboration Services: User to User collaboration such as subscription & notification

#### **Business Process Services:**

Composite services to support business process services such as eReferal

**CDR Services:** Services to manage data into/out of Clinical Data Repository which is based on Oracle HTB

**NHIS**: Services to manage identity for patient, care provide, facility and relationships

Partner Services: External

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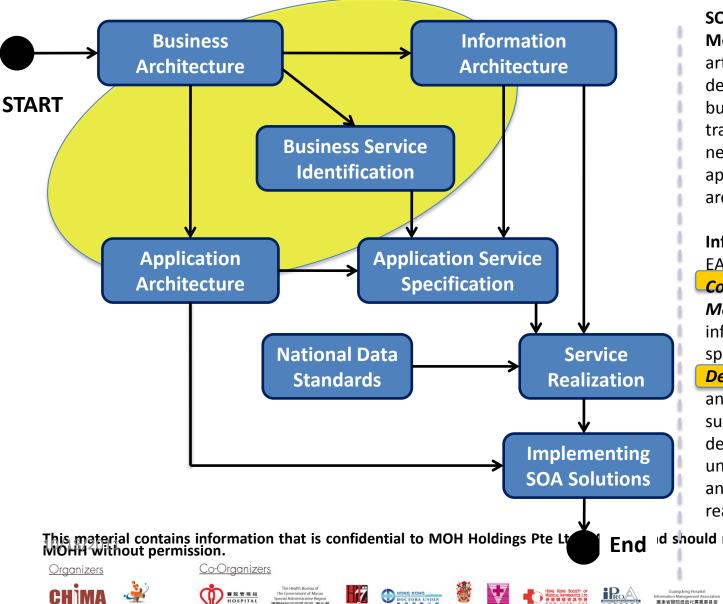




Common Services: Logging, Auditing etc

Greater Chinare Health Forum 2011 大中華電子健康及醫療信息化論壇

## **SOA Implementation Methodology**



**SOA Implementation Methodology** - Use the artifacts from EA development to ensure the business alignment and traceability, and then develop next level detail design of application & information architecture.

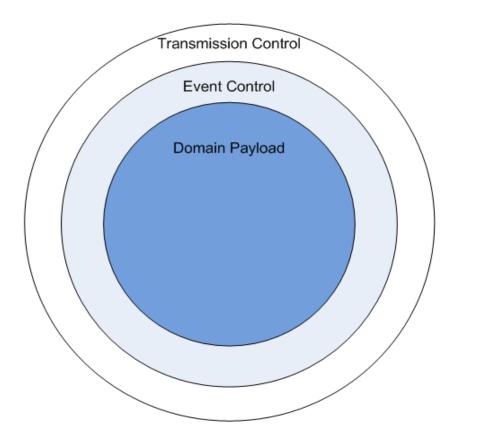
Information Architecture - At EA level, only *Business Data*, *Conceptual Information Model*, care setting type level information exchange are specified. The next level of *Design Information Model* and *Data Architecture* are subsequently defined and developed to provide underlying service definition and contract for service realization.

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### **Standardized Payload**



#### **Transmission Control Layer**

It contains information about the sender system/organisation and receiving system/organisation, and respective date/time such as sending date/time. This layer shall be the same across different domains of information exchange.

#### **Event Control Layer**

It contains information about contextual information for the payload such as the reason for triggering the exchange of the information and date/time when the event has occurred, which patient this message is for, etc. This layer shall be the same across the different domains of information exchange.

#### **Domain Payload**

It contains the actual domain specific data elements to be exchanged













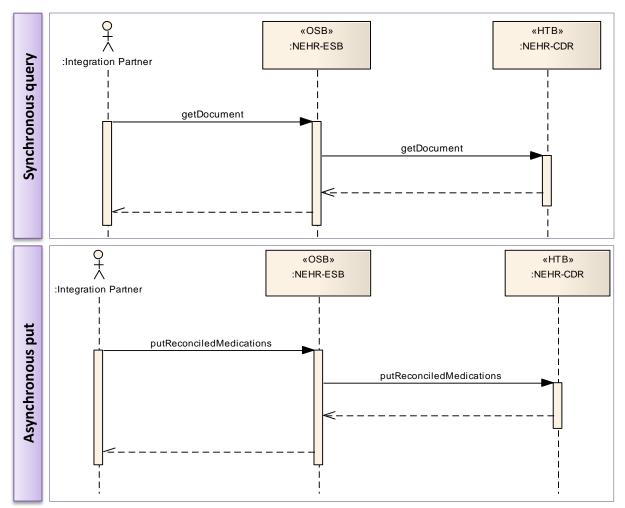








### **Common Integration Patterns**



- When exposing new service interfaces on NEHR or other systems (national or otherwise) it is recommended that standard integration patterns are adopted to minimise the amount of effort it takes for integration partners to consume the new service.
- Depending on the nature of service one of the following integration patterns should be adopted
  - 1. Synchronous query
  - 2. Synchronous update
  - 3. Asynchronous put
  - 4. Store & notify

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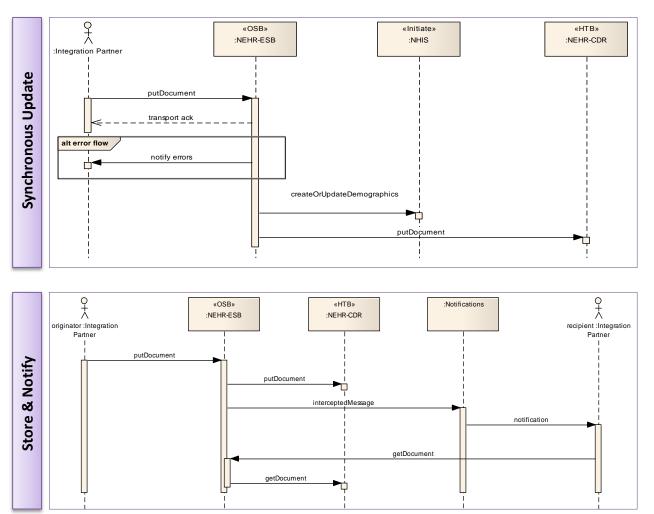








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### □ Successfully launched NEHR Phase 1

### Main Challenges ahead

- ➢ NEHR as service provider
  - $\,\circ\,$  Reconciled problems, medications, allergies and ADRs
- Secondary data use and decision support
  - Increased need for data standardization across the whole healthcare ecosystem



















# Thank you!

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